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## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for generating a simple universal hash value, the method  
5 comprising:

inputting at least one of a plurality of Plaintext blocks into an integrity aware encryption scheme using at least one of two secret keys to obtain a plurality of Ciphertext blocks;

10 computing a Plaintext checksum value from the plurality of Plaintext blocks;

processing the plurality of Ciphertext blocks and a third key to obtain a Ciphertext checksum; and

combining the Plaintext checksum and the Ciphertext checksum to obtain the simple universal hash value.

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2. A method as defined in Claim 1 wherein the Plaintext checksum, the Ciphertext checksum and the universal hash value are all of the same size.

20 3. A method as defined in Claim 2 wherein the size of the first of the

plurality of Plaintext blocks is a multiple of the size of the universal hash value.

4. A method as defined in Claim 3, further comprising computing a  
5 partial sum by taking the exclusive-or sum of the plurality of Plaintext blocks and reducing the partial sum to obtain the Plaintext checksum.
5. A method as defined in Claim 4 wherein reducing the partial sum comprises computation of the exclusive-or sum of equal sized segments of  
10 the partial sum.
6. A method as defined in Claim 3, further comprising:  
reducing the plurality of Plaintext blocks to obtain a plurality of partial  
Plaintext blocks; and  
15 combining the plurality of partial Plaintext blocks using an exclusive-or sum to obtain the Plaintext checksum.
7. A method as defined in Claim 6 wherein reducing the plurality of  
Plaintext blocks comprises the computation of the exclusive-or sum of equal  
20 sized segments of the Plaintext blocks.

8. A method as defined in Claim 3 wherein obtaining the Ciphertext checksum comprises:
  - selecting partial Ciphertexts using the third key from each of the plurality of Ciphertext blocks; and
  - combining the partial Ciphertexts using an exclusive-or sum to obtain the Ciphertext checksum.
9. A method as defined in Claim 8 wherein selecting partial Ciphertexts using the third key from a Ciphertext block comprises the process of using the bits of the third key as an index into the Ciphertext block.
10. A method as defined in Claim 9, further comprising:
  - dividing the Ciphertext block into a plurality of equal sized segments;
  - assigning each one of a plurality of bits from the third key to each of the plurality of segments, respectively;
  - selecting a single bit from the assigned segment in correspondence with the plurality of bits of the third key; and
  - concatenating the plurality of single bits selected from each of the segments is to obtain the partial Ciphertext.

11. A method as defined in Claim 3 wherein the Plaintext checksum and the Ciphertext checksum are combined by an exclusive-or operation to obtain the universal hash value.

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12. A method as defined in Claim 3 wherein obtaining the Ciphertext checksum comprises:

obtaining partial checksums using known universal hash functions from the third key and each of the plurality of Ciphertext blocks; and  
10 combining the partial checksums using an exclusive-or sum to obtain the Ciphertext checksum.

13. A simple universal hashing apparatus comprising:  
input means for inputting at least one of a plurality of Plaintext blocks  
15 into an integrity aware encryption scheme using at least one of two secret keys to obtain a plurality of Ciphertext blocks;  
Plaintext checksum means for computing a Plaintext checksum value from the said plurality of Plaintext blocks;  
Ciphertext checksum means for processing said plurality of Ciphertext  
20 blocks and a third key to obtain a Ciphertext checksum; and

combination means for combining the said Plaintext checksum and the said Ciphertext checksum to obtain the simple universal hash value.

14. An apparatus as defined in Claim 13 wherein the Plaintext  
5 checksum, the Ciphertext checksum and the universal hash value are each of  
the same size.

15. An apparatus as defined in Claim 14 wherein the size of the first  
of the plurality of Plaintext blocks is a multiple of the size of the universal  
10 hash value.

16. An apparatus as defined in Claim 15, further comprising Plaintext  
checksum means for computing a partial sum by taking the exclusive-or sum  
of the plurality of Plaintext blocks and reducing the partial sum to obtain the  
15 Plaintext checksum.

17. An apparatus as defined in Claim 16 wherein the Plaintext  
checksum means reduces the partial sum by computation of the exclusive-or  
sum of equal sized segments of the partial sum.

18. An apparatus as defined in Claim 15 wherein the plurality of Plaintext blocks is reduced to obtain a plurality of partial Plaintext blocks, which, in turn, are combined using an exclusive-or sum to obtain the Plaintext checksum.

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19. An apparatus as defined in Claim 18 wherein the plurality of Plaintext blocks is reduced by computation of the exclusive-or sum of equal sized segments of the Plaintext blocks.

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20. An apparatus as defined in Claim 15, further comprising means for obtaining the Ciphertext checksum by selecting partial Ciphertexts using the third key from each of the plurality of Ciphertext blocks, and combining the partial Ciphertexts using an exclusive-or sum to obtain the Ciphertext checksum.

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21. An apparatus as defined in Claim 20 wherein the selection of a partial Ciphertext using the third key from a Ciphertext block includes using the bits of the third key as an index into the Ciphertext block.

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22. An apparatus as defined in Claim 21 wherein:

the Ciphertext block is divided into a plurality of equal sized segments; each one of a plurality of bits of the third key is assigned to each of the plurality of segments, respectively;

the plurality of bits of the third key are used to select a single bit from

5 the assigned segment; and

the plurality of single bits selected from each of the segments is concatenated to obtain the partial Ciphertext.

23. An apparatus as defined in Claim 15, further comprising an

10 exclusive-or unit for combining the Plaintext checksum and the Ciphertext checksum to obtain the universal hash value.

24. A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly

embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform

15 program steps for generating a simple universal hash value, the program steps comprising:

inputting at least one of a plurality of Plaintext blocks into an integrity aware encryption scheme using at least one of two secret keys to obtain a plurality of Ciphertext blocks;

20 computing a Plaintext checksum value from the said plurality of

Plaintext blocks;  
processing said plurality of Ciphertext blocks and a third key to obtain  
a Ciphertext checksum; and  
combining the said Plaintext checksum and the said Ciphertext  
5 checksum to obtain the simple universal hash value.